

### 1 Product Description

The RC18x2HP-IPM is a series of high power sub-1 GHz programmable ultra-low power module for RIIM (Radiocrafts Industrial IP Mesh). It is based on the open radio standard IEEE802.15.4 g/e, and implements IPv6 internet addressing with support for UDP, CoAP and encryption. The RC18x2HP-IPM is used to implement all the nodes in the network including leaf nodes, wireless router nodes and root-node/border routers.



The module includes ICI, the intelligent C-programmable I/O, along with all necessary drivers and the operating system. ICI allows the user to program his own intelligent sensor/actuator interface, or any other application with minimal effort. The programming capability of the module makes it possible to interface to any sensor/actuator or combination of sensors/actuators. Thereby, removing the need for an additional MCU to reduce overall cost and power consumption.

### 2 Applications

- Coin cell battery systems
- IIoT applications
- Smart Sensor Technologies
- Energy Management and Sustainability
- Green House Monitoring and control
- Elderly Care
- Fire Detection
- Home Security
- Indoor Air Quality Monitoring
- Industrial Temperature Control
- Medical Climate Control
- Predictive Maintenance
- Tank Level/Flow Monitoring
- Facilities and Infrastructure Management
- Radiation and Leak Detection
- Irrigation monitor and control

### 3 Features

- Internet interoperability via IPv6 addressing, UDP packet transmission, DTLS encryption and CoAP protocol.
- Multi-hop mesh technology.
- Self building and self healing network.
- Over The Air (OTA) updates
- Very high node count mesh
- Long RF range, several hundred meter LOS
- Many electrical interfaces: 9 programmable GPIOs, I2C bus, SPI bus, UART and 2 ADC inputs
- Intelligent C-Programmable I/O (ICI) easy to use C-based SDK to directly interface any sensor/actuator
- Ultra-low power for coin cell battery or energy harvesting
- Pre-certified radio
- Based on open radio standards IEEE 802.15.4 g/e
- Frequency hopping via TSCH (6TiSCH) (Available for RIIM-SDK 1.20.0)
- Automatic acknowledge and retransmission

### 4 Quick Reference Data (typical at 3.6V, 868 MHz, 50 kb/s)

| Parameter                     | RC1882HPCF-IPM  | RC1892HPCF-IPM | Unit |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|------|
| Frequency band                | 865-870         | 902-928        | MHz  |
| Max output power              | 27 <sup>1</sup> | 27             | dBm  |
| Sensitivity (BER 1%) @50kb/s  | -111            | -111           | dBm  |
| Supply voltage                | 2.3 - 3.6       | 2.3 - 3.6      | V    |
| Current consumption, RX/TX    | 12.5 / 350      | 12.5 / 350     | mA   |
| Current consumption, Shutdown | 2               | 2              | uA   |
| User application flash memory | 32              | 32             | kB   |
| User application RAM          | 8               | 8              | kB   |
| Internal SPI Flash            | 1024            | 1024           | kB   |
| Operating Temperature         | -30 to +85      | -30 to +85     | °C   |

<sup>1</sup> HW revision 1.00 is limited to 26 dBm, later revisions are 27 dBm.

### 5 RIIM overview

The RIIM network consists of these key elements

- The RIIM SDK
  - o Software development kit with application frameworks and tools for creating and uploading end applications to the RC18x2HP-IPM
- The IPM module
  - o The IPM module can be configured as root, router or leaf node.
    - As a root node it acts as the base of the mesh network. It can connect to an external network via ethernet or custom user application on other interfaces such as UART
    - As a router node, it will be able to transport packets in the RIIM mesh network
    - As a leaf node, it is not able to transport packets to other nodes except its parent. This mode uses the least amount of energy.
  - o All modes supports customer ICI applications and external connections. Applications use the same RIIM Software Development Kit (SDK) for all node types.

Below is an illustration of the different elements and the documentation available

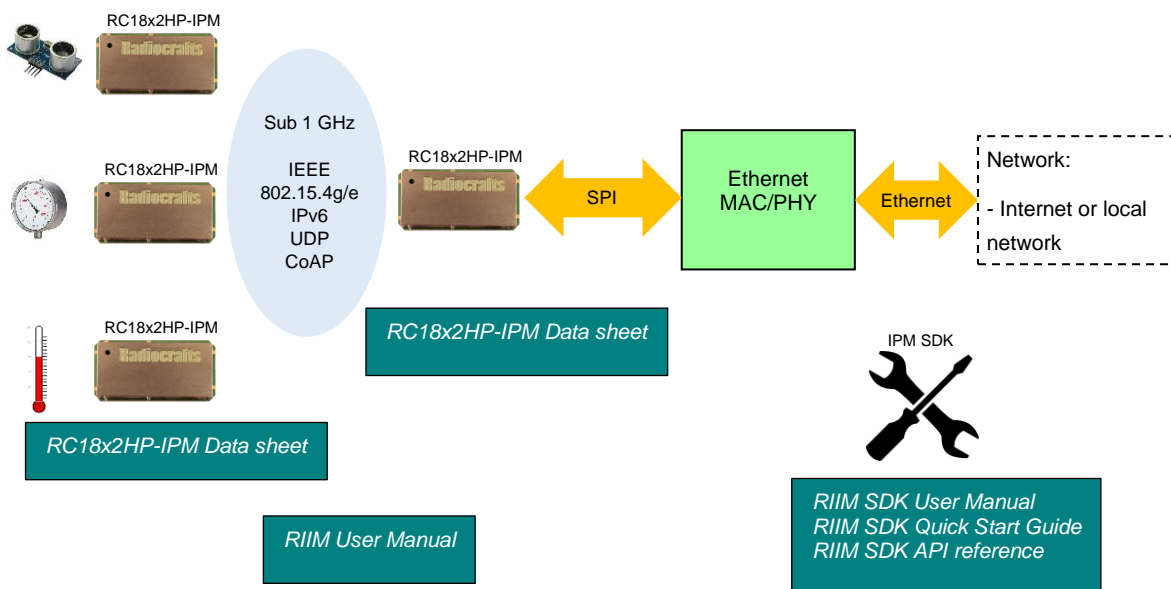
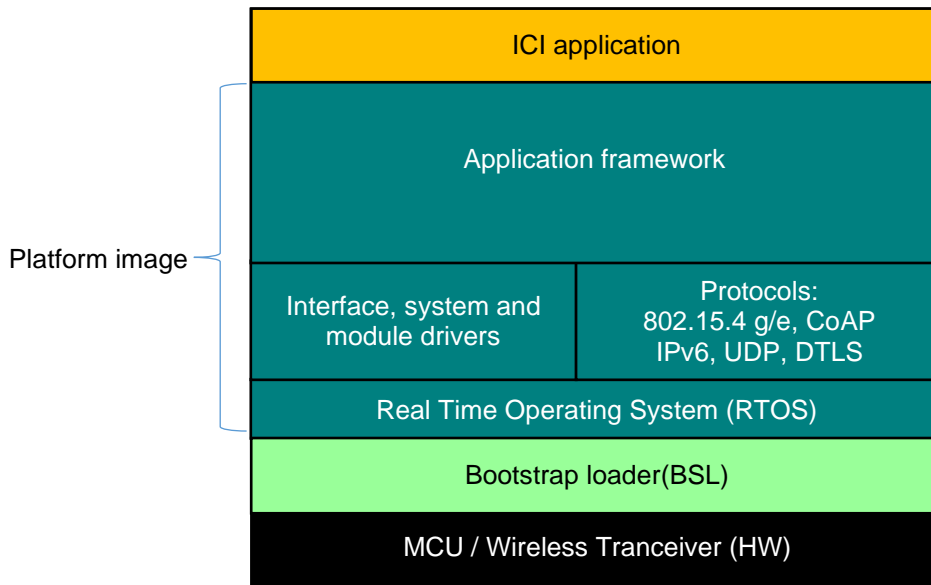


Figure 1. RIIM network – system and documentation overview

### 6 Firmware structure

The RIIM module's program memory is divided in 3 different segments.

- The bootloader
- The platform image
- Application image



**Figure 2. System overview**

The bootloader is preloaded from Radiocrafts. It allows the user to upload new platform images or unique application images. The bootloader also allows the user to program unique encryption keys into the device. These keys are not possible to read out. The bootloader uses the standard UART port and operates at 115200 baud.

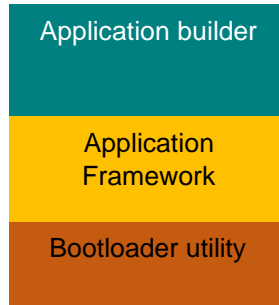
Note that the bootloader also leaves all GPIO in tristate mode at power up. If a specific application requires controlled high or low level during start up, an external pull-up/pull-down is mandatory.

The platform image is the main firmware part and includes the operating system, network stacks, drivers and application frameworks. This firmware image is preloaded from Radiocrafts and newer revisions will be made available from Radiocrafts as an encrypted image. When downloading a new platform image through the bootloader, the image will be decrypted internally in the module.

The application code space has available 32 kB of flash space and 8 kB of RAM.

### 7 Software Development Kit (SDK)

RC18x2HP-IPM allows each user to write his own application with minimal time and effort. This is accomplished through an SDK, which consists of 3 key blocks



**Figure 3. Software Development Kit**

The application framework acts as the skeletal support to build an application. It abstracts the resources such that the developer does not need to dive into all the details of the processor, network stack or operating system. This concept is referred to as Intelligent C-programmable I/O (ICI).

The application framework comes with a ready-made base application that the user can tailor to his needs. The tailoring is accomplished through defining events and writing the event handlers. The base application reduces the workload on the user and reduces test and validation time for each new application.

For the developer the main interaction with the application framework is through an intuitive API, describing how the user can interface with the radio/network and high level drivers.

See the document *RIIM SDK User Manual* and *RIIM API Reference* for details.

In each event handler, the user can send and receive data through the different interfaces, access memory, invoke network function or even do complex data algorithms and data processing.

Application builder is a set of free tools to generate the application image based on user's application code.

Bootloader utility is a free tool that allows secure uploading of application images to the module. It also allows writing of encryption keys in the module during production.

More details on the application builder and the bootloader utility is given in *RIIM SDK User Manual*.

### 8 Intelligent C-programmable I/O (ICI)

The ICI application is written in high-level C-language, using a powerful API that is available in the SDK. The API removes the need for the developer to understand the underlying architecture and resources in the module.

In its simplest form, the ICI application is just configuring the radio network, the modules hardware interfaces and defining when to read and write to those interfaces. This can typically be done with less than 100 lines of code and within a few hours. Examples included in SDK are normally a good starting point.

The ICI application also has the capability of including complex data processing and advanced features, such as averaging and threshold detection using one or many sensors in combination or to create complex sensor interfaces. The flash space available for the ICI application is 32 kB

See the *RIIM SDK User Manual*, *RIIM SDK API Reference* and the *RIIM SDK Quick Start* documents for more information.

#### Example : ICI code

```
#include "RIIM_UAPI.h"

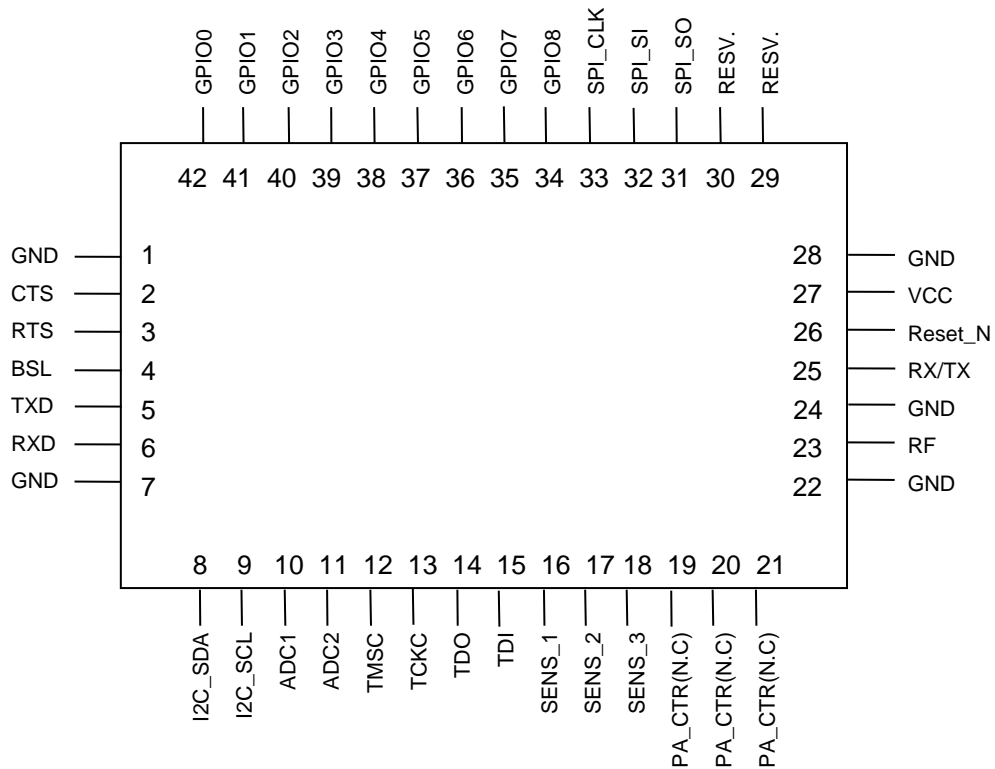
const uint8_t IP_Addr[4]={0,0,0,0};
const uint8_t IP_Mask[4]={255,255,255,0};
const uint8_t IP_GW[4]={192,168,150,1};

RIIM_SETUP()
{
    Util.printf("Starting RIIM Root Node\n");

    // Setup network and RF
    Network.startBorderRouter(NULL,IP_Addr,IP_Mask,IP_GW);

    return UAPI_OK;
}
```

### 9 Pin Assignment



### 10 Pin Description

| Pin no | Pin name | Description                   |
|--------|----------|-------------------------------|
| 1      | GND      | System ground                 |
| 2      | CTS      | UART flow control             |
| 3      | RTS      | UART flow control             |
| 4      | BSL      | Enable boot strap loader      |
| 5      | TXD      | Configurable I/O pin          |
| 6      | RXD      | Configurable I/O pin          |
| 7      | GND      | System ground                 |
| 8      | I2C SDA  | I2C SDA, internal 4.7k pullup |
| 9      | I2C SCL  | I2C SCL, internal 4.7k pullup |
| 10     | ADC1     | Analog input                  |
| 11     | ADC2     | Analog input                  |
| 12     | TMSC     | JTAG interface                |
| 13     | TCKC     | JTAG interface                |
| 14     | TDO      | JTAG interface                |

|    |          |  |
|----|----------|--|
| 15 | TDI      | JTAG interface   |
| 16 | SENS_1   | Reserved for future use  |
| 17 | SENS_2   | Reserved for future use  |
| 18 | SENS_3   | Reserved for future use  |
| 19 | PA_CTR   | Internally used signal to control PA. Do not connect.  |
| 20 | PA_CTR   | Internally used signal to control PA. Do not connect.  |
| 21 | PA_CTR   | Internally used signal to control PA. Do not connect.  |
| 22 | GND      | System ground  |
| 23 | RF       | RF I/O connection to antenna   |
| 24 | GND      | System ground  |
| 25 | RX/TX    | Not connected  |
| 26 | RESET_N  | Reset (Active low)   |
| 27 | VCC      | Supply voltage   |
| 28 | GND      | System ground  |
| 29 | RESV.    | Reserved for future use  |
| 30 | SPI_CS_I | SPI CS for internal flash, Do not connect  |
| 31 | SPI_SO   | SPI bus  |
| 32 | SPI_SI   | SPI bus  |
| 33 | SPI_CLK  | SPI bus  |
| 34 | GPIO_8   | General purpose I/O pin. Pin is tristated by module during bootloading. Add pull-up if used as SPI chip select(CS) for external SPI devices. |
| 35 | GPIO_7   |  |
| 36 | GPIO_6   |  |
| 37 | GPIO_5   |  |
| 38 | GPIO_4   |  |
| 39 | GPIO_3   |  |
| 40 | GPIO_2   |  |
| 41 | GPIO_1   |  |
| 42 | GPIO_0   |  |

Note 1: Pins 8 and 9 are suggested as I2C interface. They can be configured otherwise, but are connected to an optional internal EEPROM with I2C address = 000. It is recommended to leave these pins as I2C. Sensors and actuators or any other I2C device can be connected to these pins and accessed from the module.

## 11 ADC Parameters

| Parameter   | Value | Description |  |
|---|-------|-------------|--|
| # bits  | 12    | Bits        |  |
| Input impedance                                     | >1    | Mohm        |  |
| Internal reference                                  | 4.3   | V           |  |
| External reference voltage                          | VDD   | V           |  |
| ENOB Effective number of bits                       | 10.0  |             | Internal reference, 200ksamples/s 9.6 kHz tone |
| THD Total harmonic distortion                       | -65   | dB          |  |
| SINAD and SNDR Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio | 62    | dB          |  |
| SFDR Spurious-free dynamic range                    | 74    | dB          |  |



### 12 SPI Parameters

| Parameter          | Value                     | Description  |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| SPI clock rate max | 12 MHz                    |  |
| SPI mode           | Master                    |  |
| Modes supported    | 0,1,2 and 3               |  |
| SPI chip select    | SW chip select (GPIO 0-8) | <b>Note</b> that when using an SPI device the CS must have external pull-up, since the bootloader uses SPI BUS vs internal flash |

### 13 I2C Parameters

| Parameter                | Value       | Description        |
|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| I2C clock rate           | 100/400 kHz |                    |
| Pull up resistor         | 4.7 kΩ      | Embedded in module |
| Clock stretching support | Yes         |                    |

### 14 GPIO parameters

| Parameter                 | Value     | Description                                       |
|---------------------------|-----------|---|
| Number of GPIO            | 9         |   |
| Pull up resistor          | 25 kΩ     | Typical   |
| Pull down resistor        | 85 kΩ     | Typical   |
| Source/sink current       | 2 mA      | Max   |
| VIH                       | 0.8*VCC   | Minimum input voltage to be reliable read as high |
| VIL                       | 0.2*VCC   | Maximum input voltage to be reliable read as low  |
| Status during bootloading | Tri-state |   |

### 15 Timers

| Parameter   | Value                         | Description   |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Resolution  | 7 ms                          | User can set a timer with 1 ms resolution, but actual resolution the time the event is handled is 7 ms. |
| Max length  | 2 <sup>32</sup> ms = ~49 days | millisecond<br>days   |
| Timer types | One-shot<br>Periodic          |   |

### Current consumption

Current consumption on the module will depend on which role it has in the network and what function it is setup to perform.

| Role               | Typical default current consumption |  |                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
|                    | Single channel CSMA                 | TSCH / Frequency hopping (Active mode) | Sleeping mesh TSCH (Passive mode) |
| Border router      | 12,5 mA                             | 12,5 mA                                | 12,5 mA                           |
| Mesh Router        | 12,5 mA                             | 1,4 mA                                 | 0,25 mA                           |
| Sleeping leaf node | 25 µA                               |  |                                   |

These number include the network maintenance functions, but actual current consumption depends on the application running on the node. See the RIIM User Manual for detailed examples on how to estimate current consumption.

### 16 Regulatory Compliance Information

The use of RF frequencies and maximum allowed transmitted RF power is limited by national regulations.

The RC1882HP has been have been designed to comply with regulations (RED directive 2014/53/EU in Europe) and GSR 564 in India.

The RC1892HP has been designed to comply to FCC/IC requirement for US/Canada and ACMA requirement in Australia

### 17 Timing, Latency and Throughput

See the RIIM User Manual for details and examples on how to calculate these for real world applications.

| Parameter                       | Value               |                             | Description                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|
|                                 | Single channel CSMA | TSCH /Frequency hopping     |   |
| On-air time                     | 160 µs / Byte       | 160 µs / Byte               | Time for transmitting 1 byte at 50 kbps |
| Neighbor acknowledgement        | < 1 ms              | < 1 ms                      |   |
| Routing processing time per hop | Typ. 45 ms          | Average 425 ms <sup>2</sup> |   |
| Node response time              | Typ. 40 ms          | Average 420 ms              |   |

As with all radio these are not 100% predictable. For instance, the radio includes listen-before-talk to increase robustness and reduce interference. Also packet loss and the automatic retransmission will cause an extra delay.

<sup>2</sup> See RIIM User Manual for details on how routing delay can be calculated for TSCH.

### 18 RF channels

The RF channels in are configured through the ICI application and follow IEEE802.15.4g standard for MR-FSK operating mode #1.

For RC1882HPCF if channel 32 shall be used as is allows for up to 27 dBm output power.

The channels numbering for 863-870 MHz band is given below are given below. For all other channels than channel 32, output power must be adjusted down for compliance to RED directive in Europe.

Channels 10-18 can be used in India for the 865-867 MHz license free band.

**Table 1 Channels in 863-870 MHz band**

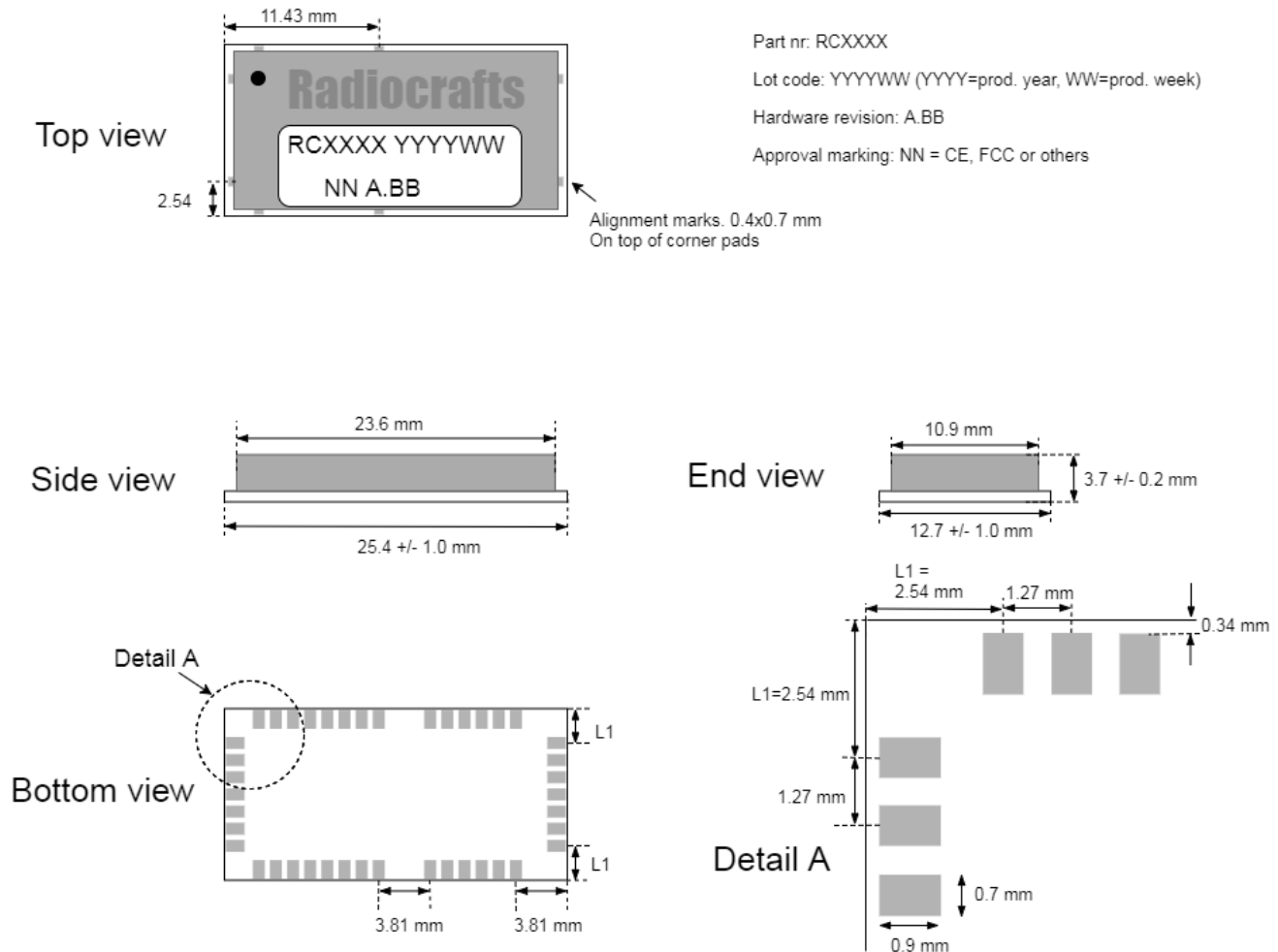
| Channel   | Center frequency [MHz] |  |
|-----------|------------------------|--|
| 0         | 863.125                | Channels 0-9 can be set in FW but performance is not characterized below 865 MHz |
| 1         | 863.325                |  |
| 2         | 863.525                |  |
| 3         | 863.725                |  |
| 4         | 863.925                |  |
| 5         | 864.125                |  |
| 6         | 864.325                |  |
| 7         | 864.525                |  |
| 8         | 864.725                |  |
| 9         | 864.925                |  |
| <b>10</b> | <b>865.125</b>         | India WPC  |
| <b>11</b> | <b>865.325</b>         |  |
| <b>12</b> | <b>865.525</b>         |  |
| <b>13</b> | <b>865.725</b>         |  |
| <b>14</b> | <b>865.925</b>         |  |
| <b>15</b> | <b>866.125</b>         |  |
| <b>16</b> | <b>866.325</b>         |  |
| <b>17</b> | <b>866.525</b>         |  |
| <b>18</b> | <b>866.725</b>         |  |
| 19        | 866.925                |  |
| 20        | 867.125                |  |
| 21        | 867.325                |  |
| 22        | 867.525                |  |
| 23        | 867.725                |  |
| 24        | 867.925                |  |
| 25        | 868.125                |  |
| 26        | 868.325                |  |
| 27        | 868.525                |  |
| 28        | 868.725                |  |
| 29        | 868.925                |  |
| 30        | 869.125                |  |
| 31        | 869.325                |  |
| <b>32</b> | <b>869.525</b>         | <b>EU/REC</b>  |
| 33        | 869.725                |  |

RC1892HP for frequency hopping (TSCH) radio in 915 MHz band, 50 channels are used to comply to FCC.

These are 903.0-913.8 MHz (28 channels with 400kHz channel spacing) and 914.4-927 MHz (22 channels with 600 kHz spacing). All channels are used the equally over time. This ensures compatibility vs FCC.

The module can also be set to operate in the AU/NZ band from 915 -928 MHz. This is done by frequency hopping on 919.4 – 927.0 MHz (20 channels with 400 kHz spacing). This is according to requirements in AS/NZS 4268-2012.

### 19 Mechanical Drawing



### 20 Mechanical Dimensions

The module size is 12.7 x 25.4 x 3.7 mm.

### 21 Carrier Tape and Reel Specification

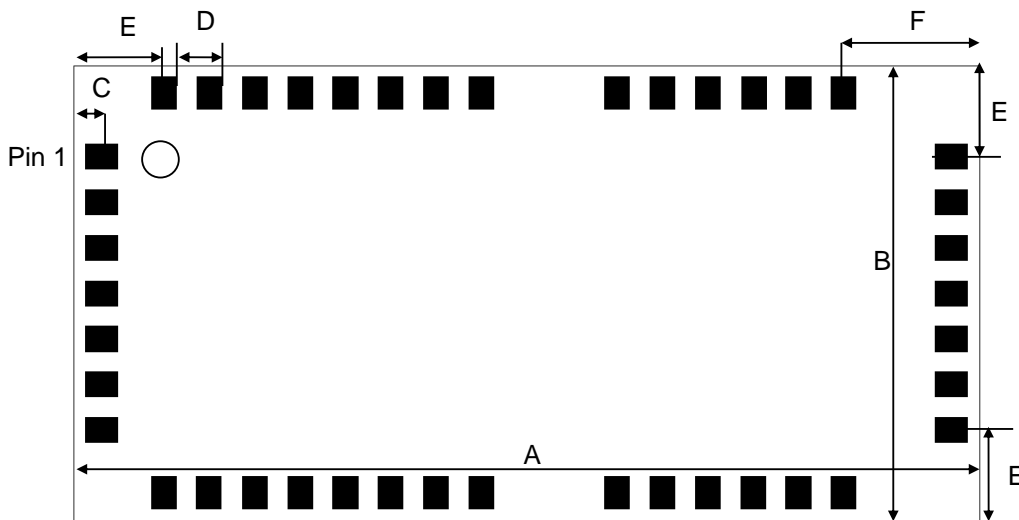
Carrier tape and reel is in accordance with EIA Specification 481.

| Tape width | Component pitch | Hole pitch | Reel diameter | Units per reel |
|------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|----------------|
| 44 mm      | 16 mm           | 4 mm       | 13"           | Max 1000       |

### 22 PCB Layout Recommendations

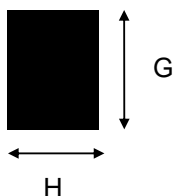
The recommended layout pads for the module are shown in the figure below.

The circle in upper left corner is an orientation mark only, and should not be a part of the copper pattern.



| Dimension | Length [mm] (mil) | Comment   |
|-----------|-------------------|---|
| A         | 25.4 (1000)       | Length of module                                  |
| B         | 12.7 (500)        | Width of module                                   |
| C         | 0.79 (31)         | Module edge vs centre of pad (Valid for all pads) |
| D         | 1.27 (50)         | Pad to pad distance                               |
| E         | 2.54 (100)        | Modul edge to pad (centre)                        |
| F         | 3.81 (150)        | Modul edge to pad (centre)                        |
| G         | 0.9 (35.4)        | Length of pad/recommend footprint pad             |
| H         | 0.7 (27.6)        | Width of pad/recommend footprint pad              |

Recommended pad design is shown below.



The recommended footprint for solder soldering is a one-to-one mapping between the LGA pad on module and the footprint.

For prototype build a solder hot plate is recommended. If the prototype is soldered manually by soldering iron, it is recommend to extend the pads of the footprint out from the module to make is accessible for a soldering iron.

A PCB with two or more layers and with a solid ground plane in one of the inner- or bottom layer(s) is recommended. All GND-pins of the module shall be connected to this ground plane with vias with shortest possible routing, one via per GND-pin.

Routing or vias under the module is not recommended as per IPC-recommendation. If any routing or vias is required under the module, the routing and vias must be covered with solder resist to prevent short circuiting of the test pads. It is recommended that vias are tented.

Reserved pins should be soldered to the pads, but the pads must be left floating electrically (no connection).

Note that Radiocrafts technical support team is available for free-of-charge schematic- and layout review of your design.

### 23 Soldering Profile Recommendation

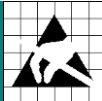
JEDEC standard IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.1 (page 7 and 8), Pb-Free Assembly is recommended.

The standard requires that the heat dissipated in the "surroundings" on the PCB is taken into account. The peak temperature should be adjusted so that it is within the window specified in the standard for the actual motherboard.

Aperture for paste stencil is normally areal-reduced by 20-35%, please consult your production facility for best experience aperture reduction. Nominal stencil thickness of 0.1-0.12 mm recommended.

### 24 Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter             | Min  | Max                    | Unit |
|-----------------------|------|------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage, VCC   | -0.3 | 4.1                    | V    |
| Voltage on any pin    | -0.3 | VCC + 0.3<br>(max 4.1) | V    |
| Input RF level        |      | 10                     | dBm  |
| Storage temperature   | -40  | 150                    | °C   |
| Operating temperature | -30  | 85                     | °C   |



**Caution ! ESD sensitive device.**  
Precaution should be used when handling the device in order to prevent permanent damage.

Under no circumstances the absolute maximum ratings given above should be violated. Stress exceeding one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device.

### 25 Electrical Specifications

T=25°C, VCC = 3.3V, 868 MHz, 50 ohm if nothing else stated.

| Parameter                           | Min | Typ.   | Max                        | Unit              | Condition / Note   |
|-------------------------------------|-----|--------|----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Operating frequency                 | 865 |        | 928                        | MHz               |  |
| Input/output impedance              |     | 50     |                            | Ohm               |  |
| Data rate                           |     | 50     |                            | kbit/s            |  |
| Frequency stability                 |     |        | +/- 10<br>+/-15<br>+20/-26 | ppm<br>ppm<br>ppm | Initially<br>Temperature drift -30°-85°<br>Temperature drift -40°-85°<br>Other stability option available on request |
| Transmit power                      | 10  |        | 27                         | dBm               | Programmable from firmware   |
| Harmonics                           |     |        |                            |                   | @ max output power   |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic            |     | -44    |                            | dBm               |  |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic            |     | -43    |                            | dBm               |  |
| Spurious emission, TX, 868 MHz      |     |        |                            |                   |  |
| 30 – 1000 MHz                       |     |        | -54                        | dBm               | EN 300 220 restricted band   |
| 30 – 1000 MHz                       |     |        | -36                        | dBm               | EN 300 220 un-restricted band  |
| 1-12.75 GHz                         |     |        | -30                        | dBm               |  |
| Sensitivity                         |     | - 111  |                            | dBm               | BER = 1%, 50 kbps 2 FSK, IEEE 802.15.4g mandatory settings   |
| Saturation                          |     | 0      |                            | dBm               |  |
| Spurious emission, RX               |     |        |                            |                   |  |
| 1-12.75 GHz                         |     | -59    |                            | dBm               | Complies with EN 300 220 CRF47 Part 15 and ARIB STD-T66  |
| Supply voltage                      |     |        |                            |                   |  |
| Recommended operating voltage       | 2.3 |        | 3.6                        | V                 |  |
| Current consumption, RX             |     | 12.5   |                            | mA                | VCC = 3.6V   |
| Current consumption, TX             |     | 350    |                            | mA                | Output power 27 dBm, VCC = 3.6V  |
| Current consumption, Deep Sleep     |     | 1.1    |                            | uA                | Leaf nodes only  |
| Active sleep                        |     | 25     |                            | uA                | Node maintaining network connection. 27 dBm output power   |
| RAM memory                          |     | 88     |                            | kB                |  |
| RAM available for ICI application   |     | 8      |                            | kB                |  |
| SoC internal Flash memory           |     | 352    |                            | kB                |  |
| Flash available for ICI application |     | 32     |                            | kB                |  |
| SPI Flash memory                    |     | 1024   |                            | kB                |  |
| MCU clock frequency                 |     | 48     |                            | MHz               |  |
| MCU low frequency crystal           |     | 32.768 |                            | kHz               | Optional   |
| Antenna VSWR                        |     | <2:1   | 3:1                        |                   |  |

### 26 Ordering number

| Ordering number | Definition                     |   |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|---|
| RC1882HPCF-IPM  | 865-870 MHz, EU/India variant  | Standard product<br>Includes                          |
| RC1892HPCF-IPM  | 902.928 MHz, US/CAN/AU variant | -C 32 kHz RTC crystal<br>-F 1024 kB SPI flash for OTA |

\*other variant available for turn-key projects

### 27 Product Status and Definitions

| Current Status | Data Sheet Identification       | Product Status  | Definition  |
|----------------|---------------------------------|---|---|
|                | Advance Information             | Planned or under development  | This data sheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.   |
|                | Preliminary                     | Engineering Samples and First Production                                    | This data sheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Radiocrafts reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product. |
| X              | No Identification Noted         | Full Production   | <b>This data sheet contains final specifications. Radiocrafts reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.</b>  |
|                | Not recommended for new designs | Last time buy available   | Product close to end of lifetime  |
|                | Obsolete                        | Not in Production<br>Optionally accepting order with Minimum Order Quantity | This data sheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Radiocrafts. The data sheet is printed for reference information only.   |

### 28 Document changes

| Revision | Info  |
|----------|---|
| 1.00     | Initial release   |
| 1.01     | Product status changed to No Identification Noted<br>Added info on the channels for India |
| 1.1      | Updated info on channels for US/FCC and Australia/New Zealand                             |



### Disclaimer

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### Radiocrafts Webpage

For more info go to our web page : <https://radiocrafts.com/>

There you can find Knowledge base and Document Library that includes Application notes, Whitepapers, Declaration of Conformity, User Manuals, Data Sheet and more.

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